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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 8733	
10/785,351	02/24/2004	Elizabeth Kornecki	19658Z		
7590 09/22/2006			EXAMINER		
Peter I. Bernstein			BRANNOCK, MICHAEL T		
Scully, Scott, M	urphy & Presser, P.C.				
Suite 300	,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
400 Garden City	Plaza	1649			
Garden City, NY 11530			DATE MAILED: 09/22/2006	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary			Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/785,351	KORNECKI ET A	AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
			Michael Brannock	1649				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appe	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statu- re to reply within the set or extended period for reply we reply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DA f 37 CFR 1.136 nication. utory period wil rill, by statute, o	TE OF THIS COMMUN 6(a). In no event, however, may a Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become a	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed	l on <i>24 Ma</i>	rch 2006.					
•	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
.—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the ap	plication.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
7)	party and the second se							
8)🖂	Claim(s) 1-20 are subject to restriction	n and/or el	ection requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner						
,	• •			by the Examiner.				
,	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including t				FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to		·	• •	, ,			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or foreign p	riority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the Internation				•			
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action	for a list o	f the certified copies no	t received.				
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTonation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	U-948)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
	r No(s)/Mail Date		6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-6, drawn to antisense nucleic acids and methods, classified in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- II. Claims 7-12, drawn to ribozymes and methods, classified in class 435, subclass91.31.
- III. Claims 13-14, drawn to methods of identifying modifiers of F11 receptor function, classified in class 435, subclass 7.21.
- IV. Claims 15, 16, 19, 20, drawn to methods of obtaining and detecting DNA, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- V. Claims 17 and 18, drawn to polynucleotides encoding a F11 receptor, classified in class 536, subclass 23.5.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I, II and V are directed to related products. The related inventions are distinct if the (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants.

See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the antisense molecules of Group I are distinct from the ribozymes of Group II because they differ in physical structure and functional effect, i.e. the antisense molecules impede the progress of the ribosome and the ribozymes catalytically cleave

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mRNA. The antisense molecules and ribozymes are distinct from the polynucleotides of Group V because they have different sequences and opposite functions. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

Although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in M.P.E.P. § 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to different methods, restriction is deemed to be proper because these methods appear to constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons: Groups III and IV are directed to methods that are distinct both physically and functionally, and are not required one for the other. Group III requires methods of detecting the function of an F11 receptor, which is not required by Group IV. Conversely, Group IV requires methods of obtaining DNA, which is not required by Group III.

The antisense molecules of Group I are related to the methods of Groups III and IV as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antisense molecules of Group I are patentably distinct from each of the methods of Groups III and IV because the antisense molecules can be used in ways that are materially and functionally different than each of the methods because, as discussed above, each of the methods of Groups III and IV are materially and functionally distinct from each other.

The ribozymes of Group II are related to the method of Group IV as product and process of use. In the instant case, the method of Group IV can be practiced with another materially

different product such as the antisense molecules of Group I. Furthermore ribozymes of Group II and the method of Group IV are unrelated.

The polynucleotides of Group V are related to the methods of Groups III and IV as product and process of use. In the instant case the polynucleotides of Group V are patentably distinct from each of the methods of Groups III and IV because the polynucleotides can be used in ways that are materially and functionally different than each of the methods because, as discussed above, each of the method of Groups are materially and functionally distinct from each other.

Therefore, because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier.

Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

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examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so**

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

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Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Brannock, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0869. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays through Fridays from 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Janet Andres, Ph.D., can be reached at (571) 272-0867. Official papers filed by fax should be directed to 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

MB

September 19, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER